| <b>日本日日</b> 日 | G FOR HOME DAILY LIVIN   | ii G   |  |   |           | No. of Street, or other Persons  |
|---------------|--|--------|--|---|-----------|--|
| 146           | Response Options: 2 = Usually or Often, 1 = Sometimes,   | 0 =    | = N  | eve                                     | r         | (  |
| 2             | Prepares and eats leftovers.   | 2      | 1  |   | 0         |  |
|               | Uses household products correctly. Examples: Laundry detergent, furniture polish, glass cleaner.   | 2      | 1  | 1                                       | 0         |  |
|               | Puts leftover food away. Examples: In plastic bags or wrap, in containers.   | 2      | 1  | 1                                       | 0         |  |
|               |  | 2      | . ,  | 1                                       | 0         |  |
|               | Secures the home when he/she leaves. Examples: Locks doors, closes windows, turns on alarm.  |        |  | 1                                       | er reco   |  |
|               | Uses the stove or oven for cooking or baking. Must turn on and off by himself/herself.   |        |  | 1                                       |           | The state of the s |
|               | Cleans bathroom: Toilet, sink, tub or shower, etc.   |        |  |   | _         | -  |
|               | . Does laundry. Must wash, dry, and fold/hang.   |        |  | 1                                       | U         | 100  |
| 29.           | . Notices when simple tasks around the house need to be done and does them. Examples: Replacing light bulbs, batteries, filters, vacuum cleaner bag.   | 2      | 2  | 1                                       | 0         | A BENEVITY NEWSTRAND   |
| 30.           | Prepares a full meal with three or more food items.  | 2      | 2  | 1                                       | 0         | ACCORDING TO SECURITY  |
|               | Calculation of % Est (see Manual)  No. of Est A Highest-Numbered Basal Item  X   | 2 =    | =[   |   |           | -  |
| ts o          | or Observations:   |        |  |   |           |  |
|               | No of Est Highest-Numbered   | 2 =    | =[   |   | -         | ,  |
|               | Use No. of Items Answered Points Between Basal and Ce  | eiling | 9  |   |           |  |
|               | $(A \div B) \times 100 = \frac{6}{96 \text{ Est}}$   | Score  | re   | -                                       |           | ,  |
| VIV.          | G IN THE COMMUNITY DAILY LIV   | (N)    | G  | D (                                     |           | -  |
|               | Response Options: 2 = Usually or Often, 1 = Sometimes  | , 0    | ) =  | Ne                                      | ve        |  |
| 1             | 1. Talks with someone he/she knows using a phone, computer, or other electronic device. Does not need to place the call.   |        | 2  | 1                                       | (         | -  |
| -             | 2. Counts at least 10 objects, one by one.   | -      |  |   | and lived |  |
|               | -  |        | 2  | 1                                       | (         |  |
| 1             | 3 Stays near you in public places. Being carried, pushed in a stroller, etc. does not count.   |        |  |   |           |  |
|               | 3. Stays near you in public places. Being carried, pushed in a stroller, etc. does not count.  ✓ Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.   |        |  | 1                                       |           | ì  |
|               | <ol> <li>Stays near you in public places. Being carried, pushed in a stroller, etc. does not count.</li> <li>✓ Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.</li> <li>Understands that money is used to buy things. Does not have to actually use money himself/herself.</li> </ol>  |        | 2  |   | (         |  |
|               | ☑ Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  |        | 2  | 1                                       | (         |  |
| 4             | <ul> <li>Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.</li> <li>4. Understands that money is used to buy things. Does not have to actually use money himself/herself.</li> <li>5. Understands that a clock is used to tell time. Does not have to tell time himself/herself.</li> <li>6. Operates at least two technology devices for entertainment. Examples: Television, DVD player, music player, handheld</li> </ul>   |        | 2 2 2  | 1                                       | (         |  |
| 4             | <ul> <li>✓ Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.</li> <li>4. Understands that money is used to buy things. Does not have to actually use money himself/herself.</li> <li>5. Understands that a clock is used to tell time. Does not have to tell time himself/herself.</li> </ul>  |        | 2 2 2 2  | 1 1                                     |           |  |
|               | <ol> <li>Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.</li> <li>Understands that money is used to buy things. Does not have to actually use money himself/herself.</li> <li>Understands that a clock is used to tell time. Does not have to tell time himself/herself.</li> <li>Operates at least two technology devices for entertainment. Examples: Television, DVD player, music player, handheld game, computer used for entertainment.</li> <li>Understands car passenger safety rules and follows them. Examples: Keeps his/her seat belt on, does not distract the driver</li> </ol>  |        | 2 2 2 2  | 1 1 1                                   | (         |  |
|               | <ol> <li>Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.</li> <li>Understands that money is used to buy things. Does not have to actually use money himself/herself.</li> <li>Understands that a clock is used to tell time. Does not have to tell time himself/herself.</li> <li>Operates at least two technology devices for entertainment. Examples: Television, DVD player, music player, handheld game, computer used for entertainment.</li> </ol>   |        | 2 2 2 2 2  | 1 1 1 1                                 |           |  |
|               | <ol> <li>Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.</li> <li>Understands that money is used to buy things. Does not have to actually use money himself/herself.</li> <li>Understands that a clock is used to tell time. Does not have to tell time himself/herself.</li> <li>Operates at least two technology devices for entertainment. Examples: Television, DVD player, music player, handheld game, computer used for entertainment.</li> <li>Understands car passenger safety rules and follows them. Examples: Keeps his/her seat belt on, does not distract the driver</li> <li>Uses good manners when eating in public. Examples: Uses utensils, sits properly, does not disrupt others.</li> <li>Knows all seven days of the week in order.</li> </ol>   |        | 2 2 2 2 2 2  | 1 1 1 1                                 |           |  |
| 1             | <ul> <li>Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.</li> <li>4. Understands that money is used to buy things. Does not have to actually use money himself/herself.</li> <li>5. Understands that a clock is used to tell time. Does not have to tell time himself/herself.</li> <li>6. Operates at least two technology devices for entertainment. Examples: Television, DVD player, music player, handheld game, computer used for entertainment.</li> <li>7. Understands car passenger safety rules and follows them. Examples: Keeps his/her seat belt on, does not distract the driver</li> <li>8. Uses good manners when eating in public. Examples: Uses utensils, sits properly, does not disrupt others.</li> <li>9. Knows all seven days of the week in order.</li> <li>10. Respects people's right to privacy. Examples: While using the restroom or changing clothes, not opening others' mail.</li> </ul>  |        | 2 2 2 2 2 2  | 1 1 1 1                                 |           |  |
| 1 1           | <ol> <li>Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.</li> <li>Understands that money is used to buy things. Does not have to actually use money himself/herself.</li> <li>Understands that a clock is used to tell time. Does not have to tell time himself/herself.</li> <li>Operates at least two technology devices for entertainment. Examples: Television, DVD player, music player, handheld game, computer used for entertainment.</li> <li>Understands car passenger safety rules and follows them. Examples: Keeps his/her seat belt on, does not distract the driver</li> <li>Uses good manners when eating in public. Examples: Uses utensils, sits properly, does not disrupt others.</li> <li>Knows all seven days of the week in order.</li> </ol>   |        | 2 2 2 2 2 2 2  | 1 1 1 1 1                               | 1         |  |
| 1 1 1         | <ol> <li>Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.</li> <li>Understands that money is used to buy things. Does not have to actually use money himself/herself.</li> <li>Understands that a clock is used to tell time. Does not have to tell time himself/herself.</li> <li>Operates at least two technology devices for entertainment. Examples: Television, DVD player, music player, handheld game, computer used for entertainment.</li> <li>Understands car passenger safety rules and follows them. Examples: Keeps his/her seat belt on, does not distract the driver</li> <li>Uses good manners when eating in public. Examples: Uses utensils, sits properly, does not disrupt others.</li> <li>Knows all seven days of the week in order.</li> <li>Respects people's right to privacy. Examples: While using the restroom or changing clothes, not opening others' mail.</li> <li>Knows the name for a penny, nickel, dime, and quarter. Does not have to know their value.</li> </ol> |        | 2<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>2 | 1 | 1         | (  |

14. Says the current day of the week when you ask.

| IVI | Response Options: 2 = Usually or Often, 1 = Sometimes,   | 0 = | Nei      | ver | Che<br>if<br>Est |   |
|-----|--|-----|----------|-----|------------------|---|
|     | 15. Understands signs or symbols that mean danger. Examples: Skull and crossbones for poison, circle with slash for "don't do."  | 2   | 1        | 0   |                  | ] |
|     | 16. Understands and follows community rules and laws. Examples: Not littering, pet control, respecting others' property.   | 2   | 1        | 0   |                  | ] |
| 12+ | 17. Knows how to make a call in an emergency. Examples: Knows how to call 911 or an emergency contact.   | 2   | 1        | 0   | Г                | ] |
|     | 18. Obeys traffic lights and Walk/Don't Walk signs when crossing streets or roads.   | 2   | 1        | 0   | C                | ] |
|     | 19. Calls others using a phone, computer, or other electronic device.  | 2   | 1        | 0   | E                | ] |
|     | 20. Tells time using a digital clock or watch.   | 2   | 1        | 0   |                  |   |
|     | 21. Knows the difference between bills of different values (\$1, \$5, \$10 bills, etc.).   | 2   | 1        | 0   | Е                | ] |
|     | 22. Knows the value of a penny (1 cent), nickel (5 cents), dime (10 cents), and quarter (25 cents).  | 2   | 1        | 0   |                  | ] |
|     | 23. Avoids dangerous or risky activities or situations. Examples: Walking in an unsafe area, jumping off high places, picking up hitchhiker.   | a 2 | 1        | 0   | ם                | ] |
|     | 24. Finds a date on a calendar when you ask. Examples: Today's date, his/her birthday.   | 2   | 1        | 0   |                  | ] |
|     | 25. Uses money to make small purchases on his/her own. Examples: Candy, stickers.  | 2   | 1        | 0   | [                |   |
|     | 26. Sets a short-term goal and achieves it. Example: Completes all homework by Thursday night to have the weekend free.  | 2   | 1        | 0   | ) [              |   |
|     | 27. Combines coins to make a specific amount. Example: 87 cents.   | 2   |          | 1 ( | ) [              |   |
|     | 28. Gets up on time when needed. Examples: Sets alarm, asks a parent to wake him/her up.   | 2   | . 1      | 1 ( | )                |   |
|     | 29. Finds a phone number. Examples: Uses a contact list, the Internet, a phone book, 411.  | 2   |          | 1 ( | )                |   |
|     | 30. Uses a clock to keep track of when to do something. Examples: When a TV show starts, when to meet a friend.  | 2   | <u> </u> | 1 ( | 0                |   |
|     | 31. Acts safely when working and/or having fun. Examples: Wears safety equipment, is careful when operating tools and machinery.   | 7   | 2        | 1 1 | 0                |   |
|     | 32. Watches or listens to TV or radio or uses the Internet to get current information. Examples: News, weather, traffic.   | 7   | 2        | 1   | 0                |   |
|     | 33. Keeps money, phone, etc. secure when away from home. Examples: When shopping, eating out, traveling.   |     | 2        | 1   | 0                |   |
|     | 34. Carries or stores money/debit card/credit cards safely, without losing. Examples: In a wallet, purse, or money belt.   |     | 2        | 1   | 0                |   |
|     | 35. Uses technology for at least two kinds of tasks. Examples: Writing school papers or business documents, email for school or work, organizing information, finding information on the Internet. | r   | 2        | 1   | 0                |   |
|     | 36. Uses at least two social interaction technologies. Examples: Personal email, texting, social media, Skype™. Telephone calls do not count.  |     | 2        | 1   | 0                |   |
|     | 37. Understands the right to vote.   |     | 2        | 1   | 0                |   |
|     | 38. Considers quality and price when deciding what to buy.   |     | 2        | 1   | 0                |   |
|     | 39. Checks change to make sure it is correct after buying something.   |     | 2        | 1   | 0                |   |
|     | 40. Understands the right to start or stop a service. Examples: Phone or Internet service.   |     | 2        | 1   | 0                |   |
|     | 41. Understands the right to report a problem with a product, a service, his/her living situation, etc.  |     | 2        | 1   | 0                |   |
|     | 42. Sets a goal that can be done in six months or more and achieves it. Examples: Works and saves money to buy something expensive, gets in better physical shape.                                 |     | 2        | 1   | 0                |   |
|     | 43. Has worked to earn money outside the family. Examples: Babysitting or yard work for a neighbor, having a job.  Score 2 for Yes or 0 for No.  |     | 2        |     | 0                |   |
|     | 44. When needed, travels one mile or more to a place where he/she has gone many times. May walk, bike, drive, use public transportation, etc., but must be able to do it on his/her own.           |     | 2        | 1   | 0                |   |
|     | 45. Uses a map (city, highway, bus, or GPS/electronic device) to figure out how to get somewhere when needed.  |     | 2        | 1   | 0                |   |

| Response Options: $2 = Usually or Often$ , $1 = Sometimes$ ,  | 0 = | : Ne | ever | Che<br>Es | f |
|---|-----|------|------|-----------|---|
| <ul><li>9. Looks around from time to time to be sure that someone who he/she knows is nearby.</li><li>☑ Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.</li></ul>   | 2   | 1    | 0    | Е         |   |
| 0. Acts interested in children his/her age, apart from brothers or sisters. Examples: Watches them, smiles at them.   | 2   | 1    | 0    | Е         | J |
| 1. Recognizes himself/herself in a mirror or photo.   | 2   | 1    | 0    |           |   |
| 2. Smiles when he/she gets praise or compliments. Examples: "Good job," "That's a nice shirt."  | 2   | 1    | 0    | E         |   |
| <ul><li>13. Imitates (copies) you when you make a happy, sad, or surprised face.</li><li>✓ Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.</li></ul>  | 2   | 1    | 0    | Ε         | ] |
| 14. Realizes when others are happy, sad, surprised, afraid, upset, etc.   | 2   | 1    | 0    |           |   |
| <ul> <li>15. Imitates (copies) an activity while someone else is doing it. Examples: Pretending to shave, put on makeup, vacuum, hammer nails.</li> <li>Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.</li> </ul>                    | 2   | 1    | 0    | Е         | ] |
| 16. Makes good eye contact when he/she interacts with people.   | 2   | 1    | 0    |           |   |
| 17. Uses actions or words to show others that he/she feels happy for them, sad for them, or concerned about them. Examples: Hugs, holds hands, asks "Are you OK?"   | 2   | 1    | 0    | Г         | ] |
| 18. Says how family members are related to him/her. Examples: "That's my mom," "He's my brother."   | 2   | 1    | 0    | Ε         |   |
| 19. Uses words to express his/her emotions. Examples: "I'm happy," "I'm scared," "I don't like him."  | 2   | 1    | 0    | Ε         |   |
| 20. Talks with the right loudness, speed, and level of excitement for the conversation.   | 2   | 1    | 0    | Ε         |   |
| 21. Answers politely when adults who he/she knows make small talk. Examples: If asked "How are you?" says "I'm fine"; if told "You look nice," says "Thank you."  | 2   | 1    | 0    |           | ] |
| <ul> <li>22. Imitates (copies) an activity several hours after watching someone else do it. Examples: Pretending to shave, put on makeup, vacuum, hammer nails.</li> <li>✓ Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.</li> </ul> |     | 1    | 0    |           |   |
| 23. Has a best friend or a few good friends.  ☑ Score 2 for Yes or 0 for No.  | 2   |      | 0    | . [       | ] |
| 24. Tries to make friends with others his/her age. Examples: Asks for a play date, asks to go somewhere with another child.   | 2   | 1    | 0    |           |   |
| 25. Does things to try to please others. Examples: Makes someone a card or gift, helps without being asked.   | 2   | 1    | 0    |           |   |
| 26. Keeps a proper distance from others in social situations. Example: Does not get too close to another person when talking.   | 2   | 1    | 0    |           |   |
| 27. Is a good friend: Treats his/her friends fairly and with respect, is supportive, etc.   | 2   | ,    | 1 (  | ]         |   |
| 28. Knows that others might not like and dislike the same things that he/she does. Examples: Kinds of food, movies.   | 2   | 1    | (    | [         |   |
| 29. Talks with others about shared interests. Examples: Sports, TV shows, summer plans.   | 2   | 1    | (    | ]         |   |
| 30. Keeps his/her friends over time. Example: Has had the same good friend for over a year.   | 2   | 1    | (    | ] (       |   |
| 31. Starts small talk when he/she meets people he/she knows. Examples: "How are you?" or "What's up?"   | 2   | 1    | (    | ]         |   |
| 32. Congratulates others when good things happen for them.  | 2   | 1    | 1 (  | ) [       |   |
| 33. Gives cards or gifts to family members on special days. Examples: Birthdays, Mother's Day, Father's Day, Valentine's Day, religious holidays.   | 2   |      | 1 (  | ) [       |   |
| 34. Talks with others without interrupting or being rude.   | 2   | . 1  | (    | ] (       |   |
| 35. Tells others what he/she is thinking and feeling instead of assuming that they know. Examples: "That hurt my feelings" or "This is really important to me."   | 2   | . 1  | 1 (  | ] (       |   |
| 36. Chooses friends with good qualities: Friends who treat him/her with respect, are supportive, stay out of trouble, etc.  | 7   | 1    | (    | 1         | 7 |

|   | Response Options: $2 = Usually \text{ or Often}, 1 = Sometimes,$   | 0 =                                       | Nei   | ver                                      |       |
|---|--|---|---|--|-------|
|   |  |   | 1   |  |       |
|   | res easily from one topic to another in conversation when needed. Does not "get stuck" on one topic.   |   |   |  |       |
| 88. Stay  | s on topic in conversations when needed. Does not go off track.  |   | 1   |  |       |
| 39. Talk  | ss with others about things that they are interested in, even if he/she is not.  | 2   | 1   | 0  |       |
| 10. Star  | ts conversations with others by talking about things that they are interested in.  | 2   | 1   | 0  |       |
| 41. Real  | lizes when someone needs something explained in order to follow what he/she is saying.   | 2   | 1   | 0  |       |
|   | es things that his/her friends want to do, even when he/she would rather do something else.  you do not know, guess a score. Also check the Estimated box.   | 2   | 1   | 0  |       |
| 43. Pick  | ks up hints in conversation. Examples: Knows that someone who yawns may be bored, that people may change the ject because they do not want to talk about something, that looking at the time may mean that the person needs to end conversation.   | 2   | 1   | 0  |       |
| s or Obser  | rvations:  |   |   |  |       |
|   | Calculation of % Est (see Manual) Raw Score Calculation  |   |   |  |       |
|   | No of Fct Highest-Numbered X 2   | 2 =                                       |   |  |       |
|   | lica   | lina                                      |   |  |       |
|   | Only No. of Items Answered Points Between Basal and Cei  | uurg                                      |   |  |       |
|   |  |   |   |  |       |
|   | $(A \div B) \times 100 = \frac{0.6 \text{ Est}}{100}$  | core                                      |   |  |       |
|   | % EST)   |   |   |  | 1000  |
| ING   | AND USING LEISURE TIME  (A ÷ B) × 100 =   (A ÷ B |   |   | 0 1                                      | 100   |
| 'ING  | % EST  | IP S                                      | D   | organic such                             | 8     |
|   | AND USING LEISURE TIME   | IPS<br>0=                                 | D   | leve                                     |       |
| 1. Sho  | AND USING LEISURE TIME  Response Options: 2 = Usually or Often, 1 = Sometimes,   | O =                                       | )<br>= N  | leve                                     |       |
| 1. Sho<br>2. Res<br>3. Pla  | Response Options: 2 = Usually or Often, 1 = Sometimes, ows interest in the things around him/her. Examples: Looks or moves around, touches objects or people.  sponds when you act playful. Examples: Smiles, laughs, claps his/her hands.  sys baby games like peek-a-boo and patty-cake.   | O = 2                                     | <ul><li>D</li><li>N</li><li>1</li></ul>                                   | leve                                     | 0     |
| 1. Sho 2. Res 3. Pla ☑ 5  | Response Options: 2 = Usually or Often, 1 = Sometimes, ows interest in the things around him/her. Examples: Looks or moves around, touches objects or people.  sponds when you act playful. Examples: Smiles, laughs, claps his/her hands.  sys baby games like peek-a-boo and patty-cake.  Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  | 0 = 2<br>2<br>2                           | D = N : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 :                               | leve                                     |       |
| 1. Sho 2. Res 3. Pla ☑ 5  | Response Options: 2 = Usually or Often, 1 = Sometimes, ows interest in the things around him/her. Examples: Looks or moves around, touches objects or people.  sponds when you act playful. Examples: Smiles, laughs, claps his/her hands.  sys baby games like peek-a-boo and patty-cake.   | 0 = 2<br>2<br>2                           | D = N : 1 : 1   | leve                                     | 0 0 0 |
| 1. Sho 2. Res 3. Pla ② 5 4. Pla   | Response Options: 2 = Usually or Often, 1 = Sometimes, ows interest in the things around him/her. Examples: Looks or moves around, touches objects or people.  sponds when you act playful. Examples: Smiles, laughs, claps his/her hands.  sys baby games like peek-a-boo and patty-cake. Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  says near another child, each one doing different things.  | 0 = 22<br>22<br>22                        | D = N : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 :                               | 1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 |       |
| 1. Sho 2. Res 3. Pla ☑ 5 4. Pla ☑ 5 5. Pla ☑ 5  | Response Options: 2 = Usually or Often, 1 = Sometimes, ows interest in the things around him/her. Examples: Looks or moves around, touches objects or people.  sponds when you act playful. Examples: Smiles, laughs, claps his/her hands.  sys baby games like peek-a-boo and patty-cake. Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  ays near another child, each one doing different things. Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  ays with one or more children for at least 5 minutes with someone older supervising. Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.   | 0 = 22<br>22<br>22                        | D) = N ! 1 ! 1 ! 1 ! 1 ! 1 ! 1 ! 1 ! 1 ! 1 !                              | 1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 |       |
| 1. Sho 2. Res 3. Pla  | Response Options: 2 = Usually or Often, 1 = Sometimes, ows interest in the things around him/her. Examples: Looks or moves around, touches objects or people.  sponds when you act playful. Examples: Smiles, laughs, claps his/her hands.  sys baby games like peek-a-boo and patty-cake.  Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  sys near another child, each one doing different things.  Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  sys with one or more children for at least 5 minutes with someone older supervising.  Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  spies a child playing nearby, even though they are not playing together. Example: Sees another child stacking blocks and en begins to stack blocks.   | 0 = 2<br>2<br>2<br>2                      | D) = N ! 1 ! 1 ! 1 ! 1 ! 1 ! 1 ! 1 ! 1 ! 1 !                              | 1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 | 0 0 0 |
| 1. Sho 2. Res 3. Pla 2 S 4. Pla 2 S 5. Pla 2 S 6. Co the                                    | Response Options: 2 = Usually or Often, 1 = Sometimes, ows interest in the things around him/her. Examples: Looks or moves around, touches objects or people.  sponds when you act playful. Examples: Smiles, laughs, claps his/her hands.  sys baby games like peek-a-boo and patty-cake.  Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  sys near another child, each one doing different things.  Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  sys with one or more children for at least 5 minutes with someone older supervising.  Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  spies a child playing nearby, even though they are not playing together. Example: Sees another child stacking blocks and en begins to stack blocks.  Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  | 0 = 2<br>2<br>2<br>2                      | D = N ! 1 ! 1 ! 1 ! 1 ! 1 ! 1 ! 1 ! 1 ! 1 !                               | 1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 | 0 0 0 |
| 1. Sho 2. Res 3. Pla  | Response Options: 2 = Usually or Often, 1 = Sometimes, ows interest in the things around him/her. Examples: Looks or moves around, touches objects or people.  sponds when you act playful. Examples: Smiles, laughs, claps his/her hands.  sys baby games like peek-a-boo and patty-cake.  Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  ays near another child, each one doing different things.  Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  ays with one or more children for at least 5 minutes with someone older supervising.  Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  spies a child playing nearby, even though they are not playing together. Example: Sees another child stacking blocks and en begins to stack blocks.  Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  ays with one or more children for at least 30 minutes with someone older supervising.   | 0 = 2<br>2<br>2<br>2                      | D = N ! 1 ! 1 ! 1 ! 1 ! 1 ! 1 ! 1 ! 1 ! 1 !                               | 1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 |       |
| 1. Sho 2. Res 3. Pla 2 S 4. Pla 2 S 5. Pla 2 S 6. Co the                                    | Response Options: 2 = Usually or Often, 1 = Sometimes, ows interest in the things around him/her. Examples: Looks or moves around, touches objects or people.  sponds when you act playful. Examples: Smiles, laughs, claps his/her hands.  sys baby games like peek-a-boo and patty-cake.  Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  sys near another child, each one doing different things.  Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  sys with one or more children for at least 5 minutes with someone older supervising.  Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  spiess a child playing nearby, even though they are not playing together. Example: Sees another child stacking blocks and en begins to stack blocks.  Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  says with one or more children for at least 30 minutes with someone older supervising.  Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  | 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2     | D = N : 1 : 1 : 1 : 2 : 1 : 2 : 1 : 2 : 1 : 2 : 1 : 2 : 1 : 2 : 1 : 2 : 2 | 1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 |       |
| 1. Sho 2. Res 3. Pla 2 S 4. Pla 2 S 5. Pla 2 S 6. Co the 7. Pla 8. Wo                       | Response Options: 2 = Usually or Often, 1 = Sometimes, ows interest in the things around him/her. Examples: Looks or moves around, touches objects or people.  sponds when you act playful. Examples: Smiles, laughs, claps his/her hands.  sys baby games like peek-a-boo and patty-cake.  Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  says near another child, each one doing different things.  Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  says with one or more children for at least 5 minutes with someone older supervising.  Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  spies a child playing nearby, even though they are not playing together. Example: Sees another child stacking blocks and en begins to stack blocks.  Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  says with one or more children for at least 30 minutes with someone older supervising.  Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  says with one or more children for at least 30 minutes with someone older supervising.  Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  | 0 = 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2   | D = N 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1                                 | 1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 |       |
| 1. Sho 2. Res 3. Pla 2. S 4. Pla 2. S 5. Pla 2. S 6. Co 6. Co 6. Co 7. Pla 2. S 8. Wo 9. Sh | Response Options: 2 = Usually or Often, 1 = Sometimes, ows interest in the things around him/her. Examples: Looks or moves around, touches objects or people.  sponds when you act playful. Examples: Smiles, laughs, claps his/her hands.  sys baby games like peek-a-boo and patty-cake.  Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  ays near another child, each one doing different things.  Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  ays with one or more children for at least 5 minutes with someone older supervising.  Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  opies a child playing nearby, even though they are not playing together. Example: Sees another child stacking blocks and en begins to stack blocks.  Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  ays with one or more children for at least 30 minutes with someone older supervising.  Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  ould rather play with other children than watch them or play alone.  hares his/her toys or other things when he/she is told to.   | 0 = 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2   | D = N : 1 : 1 : 1 : 2 : 1 : 2 : 1 : 2 : 1 : 2 : 1 : 2 : 1 : 2 : 1 : 2 : 2 | 1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 | 0 0 0 |
| 1. Sho 2. Res 3. Pla 3. Sho 4. Pla 5. Pla 5. Pla 7. Pla 7. Pla 9. Sh 10. Us                 | Response Options: 2 = Usually or Often, 1 = Sometimes, ows interest in the things around him/her. Examples: Looks or moves around, touches objects or people.  sponds when you act playful. Examples: Smiles, laughs, claps his/her hands.  sys baby games like peek-a-boo and patty-cake.  Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  says near another child, each one doing different things.  Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  says with one or more children for at least 5 minutes with someone older supervising.  Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  spies a child playing nearby, even though they are not playing together. Example: Sees another child stacking blocks and en begins to stack blocks.  Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  says with one or more children for at least 30 minutes with someone older supervising.  Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  says with one or more children for at least 30 minutes with someone older supervising.  Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  | 0 = 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 | D = N 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1                                 | 1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 | 0 0 0 |

| Response Options: $2 = Usually or Often$ , $1 = Sometimes$  | c, 0 = Never of Est. |
|---|----------------------|
| 12. Joins in with a group when they let him/her know with words that he/she is welcome. Examples: "We have room," "Come hang out with us."  | 2 1 0 🗆              |
| 13. Plays simple make-believe games with other children. Examples: Playing "dress-up," pretending to be superheroes.  ☑ Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.   | 2 1 0 🗆              |
| <ul><li>14. Plays with others at simple outdoor group games with no score. Examples: Tag, jump rope, catch.</li><li>☑ Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.</li></ul>   | 2 1 0 🗆              |
| 15. Takes turns when asked while playing games or sports.   | 2 1 0 🗆              |
| <ul> <li>16. Plays make-believe where different children play different roles. Examples: Playing "school" or "restaurant," acting out a TV show or movie.</li> <li>☑ Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.</li> </ul> | 2 1 0 🗆              |
| 17. Asks others to play or spend time together.   | 2 1 0 🗆              |
| 18. Plays with other children without needing someone older to supervise.   | 2 1 0 🗆              |
| 19. Shares his/her toys or other things without having to be told to.   | 2 1 0 🗆              |
| 20. Joins in with a group when they let him/her know without words that he/she is welcome. Examples: When others signal "come join us" with their hands or point out an empty place.  | 2 1 0 🗆              |
| 21. Takes turns without having to be asked while playing games or sports.   | 2 1 0 🗆              |
| 22. Asks if it is OK before taking something from someone. Does not just grab it.   | 2 1 0 🔲              |
| 23. Stays out of a group when they let him/her know with words that he/she is not welcome. Examples: "We're almost done," "Big kids only.   | 2 1 0 🗆              |
| 24. Plays with others at simple card or board games based only on luck. Examples: Candyland®, the card game "war."  ☑ Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.   | 2 1 0 🗆              |
| 25. Shows good sportsmanship in games or sports: Plays fair, is not too aggressive, congratulates winning players, is not mean when he/she loses, etc.  | 2 1 0 🗆              |
| <ul> <li>26. Plays with others at simple indoor or outdoor games where the players keep score. Examples: Tic-tac-toe, kickball, card games.</li> <li>☑ Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.</li> </ul>               | 2 1 0 🗆              |
| 27. Gets together with two or more others his/her age at someone's home.  | 2 1 0 🔲              |
| 28. Follows rules in games or sports without being told to.   | 2 1 0 🗆              |
| 29. Stays out of a group when they let him/her know without words that he/she is not welcome. Example: Ignoring him/her.  | 2 1 0 🗆              |
| 30. Goes places with others his/her age during the day or evening with someone supervising. Examples: Shopping, a movie, a sports event.  ☑ Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown needing to be supervised.               | 2 1 0 🗆              |
| 31. Plays with others at board, card, or electronic games that need decisions and skill. Examples: Monopoly™, poker, Scrabble®, two-person video games.   | 2 1 0 🗆              |
| 32. Plans ahead on his/her own to do things with others his/her age. Examples: Plans to go to dinner with a friend on Thursday plans to go to the movies with a group on the weekend.   | y, 2 1 0 🗆           |
| 33. Plans fun activities with more than two things to be arranged. Examples: Birthday party, group outing.  | 2 1 0 🔲              |
|   |                      |

2 1 0

2 1 0

18. Is willing to compromise to get along with others his/her age.

mad when an event is cancelled due to bad weather or a trip is postponed due to car trouble.

|       |  |     | D (  | ) M | AIN                 |
|-------|--|-----|------|-----|---------------------|
| -     | Response Options: $2 = Usually or Often$ , $1 = Sometimes$ ,   | 0 = | . Ne | ver | Check<br>if<br>Est. |
| 19. C | Copies the behavior of others when in a new situation and not sure how to act.   | 2   | 1    | 0   |                     |
| tl    | Follows time limits given by a parent, grandparent, etc. Examples: How long he/she is allowed to watch TV, play a game, use the Internet, play outside.  I Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.   | 2   | 1    | 0   |                     |
|       | adjusts his/her behavior to keep from disturbing others nearby. Example: Is quiet near others who are working, listening to show, etc.   | 2   | 1    | 0   |                     |
|       | Controls his/her anger or hurt feelings when someone tells him/her how he/she could do something better. Examples: Does not cry or get mad when someone suggests how to do some work better or how to get along better with someone.   | 2   | 1    | 0   |                     |
|       | Controls his/her anger or hurt feelings when he/she does not get his/her way. Example: Does not cry or get mad when not llowed to do something that he/she wants to.   | 2   | 1    | 0   |                     |
| 24. K | Geeps his/her promises.  | 2   | 1    | 0   |                     |
|       | Comes home when you tell him/her to be home, during the day or at night.  I Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  | 2   | 1    | 0   |                     |
| 26. T | Thinks through the consequences of his/her actions before doing things.  | 2   | 1    | 0   |                     |
| 27. R | Respects other people's time. Examples: Not keeping others waiting, not interrupting others who are busy.  | 2   | 1    | 0   |                     |
| ti    | s cautious when someone who he/she doesn't know well tries to get him/her to do something risky. May be in person or hrough the Internet.  If you do not know, guess a score. Also check the Estimated box.  | 2   | 1    | 0   |                     |
| -     | Keeps others from controlling or taking advantage of him/her.  | 2   | 1    | 0   |                     |
| В     | When possible, stays away from or leaves a relationship or situation where he/she or someone else might get hurt. Examples: Being bullied, being talked into breaking the law, being cheated out of money.  If you do not know, guess a score. Also check the Estimated box. | 2   | 1    | 0   |                     |
| 31. U | Understands that a friendly acting person may actually want to take advantage of him/her.  | 2   | 1    | 0   |                     |
| 32. L | Understands that some things conveyed in advertising might not be true.  | 2   | 1    | 0   |                     |
| g     | Lets you know about his/her plans when he/she goes out. Example: Tells you or leaves you a message about where he/she is going and when he/she will be home.  2 Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  | 2   | 1    | 0   |                     |

|            | Response Options: $2 = Usually or Often$ , $1 = Sometimes$ ,   | 0 =                                     | = /                                     | leve                                  | er                       | Chec<br>if<br>Est |
|------------|--|---|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| 30         | Runs smoothly, changing his/her speed and direction. Examples: Playing tag or sports, chasing a pet.   | 2                                       |   | 1 (                                   | 0                        |                   |
| 31         | , Catches a beach ball-sized ball from 2 or 3 feet away. May catch with two hands or one.  | 2                                       |   | 1 (                                   | 0                        |                   |
| 32         | . Walks carefully on a sidewalk or road that is slippery or uneven.  | 2                                       |   | 1 (                                   | 0                        |                   |
| 33         | . Walks down stairs, one foot on each step. May use railing.   | 2                                       |   | 1 (                                   | 0                        |                   |
| 4          | . Jumps forward at least three times with both feet without falling.   | 2                                       |   | 1 (                                   | 0                        |                   |
| 5          | 6. Hops on one foot at least once without falling. May hold on to something for balance.   | 2                                       |   | 1 (                                   | 0                        |                   |
| 6          | 5. Pedals a tricycle or other vehicle with three wheels for at least 6 feet.  Scoring Tip: Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.   | 2                                       |   | 1 (                                   | 0                        |                   |
| 37         | 7. Pedals a tricycle or other vehicle with three wheels around corners.  Scoring Tip: Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  | 2                                       |   | 1 1                                   | 0                        |                   |
| 8          | 3. Catches a beach ball-sized ball from at least 6 feet away. May catch with two hands or one.   | 2                                       |   | 1                                     | 0                        |                   |
| 39         | 9. Hops forward on one foot with ease without holding on.  | 2                                       | !                                       | 1 1                                   | 0                        |                   |
| 10         | ). Rides a balance bike or bicycle with training wheels for at least 10 feet.  Scoring Tip: Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown it.  | 2                                       |   | 1 (                                   | 0                        |                   |
| 11         | 1. Catches a tennis- or baseball-sized ball from 2 or 3 feet away. May catch with two hands or one, but must catch away from the body instead of trapping the ball against the body.   | 2                                       | !                                       | 1                                     | 0                        |                   |
|            |  | 75.0                                    |   |                                       |                          |                   |
| 12         | 2. Catches a tennis- or baseball-sized ball from at least 10 feet away, moving to catch it if needed. May catch with two hands or one.   | 2                                       |   | 1                                     | 0                        |                   |
| 43         |  |   |   | 1 (                                   |                          |                   |
| 43         | or one.  Rides a regular bicycle without training wheels without falling.  or Observations:  |   |   |                                       |                          |                   |
| 43         | or one.  3. Rides a regular bicycle without training wheels without falling.  or Observations:  Calculation of % Est (see Manual)  Raw Score Calculation   | 2                                       |   |                                       |                          |                   |
| 43         | or one.  3. Rides a regular bicycle without training wheels without falling.  or Observations:  Calculation of % Est (see Manual)  No. of Est  A Highest-Numbered Basal Item  X 2  | 2                                       |   |                                       |                          | C                 |
| 13         | or one.  3. Rides a regular bicycle without training wheels without falling.  or Observations:  Calculation of % Est (see Manual)  Raw Score Calculation  No. of Est  Highest-Numbered   | 2 =                                     |   |                                       |                          | C                 |
| 43         | or one.  3. Rides a regular bicycle without training wheels without falling.  or Observations:  Calculation of % Est (see Manual)  No. of Est  A Highest-Numbered  Basal Item  Points Retween Basal and Cei  | 2 =                                     |   |                                       | 0                        |                   |
| 43         | or one.  Rides a regular bicycle without training wheels without falling.  Or Observations:  Calculation of % Est (see Manual)  No. of Est  No. of Items Answered  Points Between Basal and Cei  (A ÷ B) × 100 = % Est  gmo Raw S  | 22 = 22 = 3 illing                      |   | 1                                     | 0                        | C D D C + D       |
| 43<br>ts ( | or one.  3. Rides a regular bicycle without training wheels without falling.  or Observations:  Calculation of % Est (see Manual)  No. of Est  No. of Items Answered  Only  (A ÷ B) × 100 =   G SMALL MUSCLES  PHYSICAL ACTIVITY   | 22 = illing                             |   | 000                                   | 0<br>M                   | C + D             |
| 433        | Or one.  3. Rides a regular bicycle without training wheels without falling.  Or Observations:  Calculation of % Est (see Manual)  No. of Est  No. of Items Answered  Use Only  (A ÷ B) × 100 =   G SMALL MUSCLES  Response Options: 2 = Usually or Often, 1 = Sometimes,  | 2 = 2 = 1 TY                            |   | 1 ()<br>0 0 ()<br>Neve                | 0<br>M                   | Che               |
| 433        | or one.  3. Rides a regular bicycle without training wheels without falling.  or Observations:  Office Use Only (A ÷ B) × 100 =  (A ÷ B) × 100 =  SESMALL MUSCLES  PHYSICAL ACTIVE  Response Options: 2 = Usually or Often, 1 = Sometimes,  1. Reaches for a toy or object.  | 22 = 22 = 1TY                           |   | 1 0 0 0 Neve                          | M M                      | Che               |
| 443<br>443 | or one.  3. Rides a regular bicycle without training wheels without falling.  or Observations:  Calculation of % Est (see Manual)  No. of Est  No. of Items Answered  Use Only  (A ÷ B) × 100 =   (A ÷ B) × 100 =   Mesoponse Options: 2 = Usually or Often, 1 = Sometimes, 1. Reaches for a toy or object.  2. Picks things up. May use one hand or both. Examples: Toy, ball.  | 22 = 22 = 1TY                           | 2 2 2                                   | 1 0 0 0 Neve                          | M Meer 0 0               | Che               |
| 433        | or one.  3. Rides a regular bicycle without training wheels without falling.  or Observations:  Calculation of % Est (see Manual)  No. of Est  No. of Items Answered  Use Only  (A ÷ B) × 100 =   Section of Manual)  Raw Score Calculation  No. of Est  No. of Items Answered  Points Between Basal and Ceigner  gmo Raw Score Calculation  No. of Items Answered  Points Between Basal and Ceigner  gmo Raw Score Calculation  No. of Items Answered  Points Between Basal and Ceigner  gmo Raw Score Calculation  No. of Items Answered  Points Between Basal and Ceigner  gmo Raw Score Calculation  No. of Items Answered  Points Between Basal and Ceigner  gmo Raw Score Calculation  No. of Items Answered  Points Between Basal and Ceigner  gmo Raw Score Calculation  No. of Items Answered  Points Between Basal and Ceigner  gmo Raw Score Calculation  No. of Items Answered  Points Between Basal and Ceigner  gmo Raw Score Calculation  No. of Items Answered  Points Between Basal and Ceigner  gmo Raw Score Calculation  No. of Items Answered  Points Between Basal and Ceigner  gmo Raw Score Calculation  No. of Items Answered  Points Between Basal and Ceigner  gmo Raw Score Calculation  No. of Items Answered  Points Between Basal and Ceigner  gmo Raw Score Calculation  No. of Items Answered  But All Colleges  Points Between Basal and Ceigner  gmo Raw Score Calculation  No. of Items Answered  But All Colleges  Points Between Basal and Ceigner  gmo Raw Score Calculation  No. of Items Answered  But All Colleges  Points Between Basal and Ceigner  But All Colleges  Points Between Basal and Ceigner  But All Colleges  Points Between Basal and Ceigner  Points Between Basal and Ceigner  But All Colleges  Points Between Basal and Ceigner  Points Between Basal and Ceigner  But All Colleges  Points Between Basal and Ceigner  All Colleges  Points Between Basal and Ceigner  But All Colleges  Points Between Basal and Ceigner  Points Between Basal and Ceigner | 22 = 22 = 11TY                          | 2 2 2 2                                 | 1 0 0 0 Weven 1 1 1 1                 | 0<br>M/eer<br>0<br>0     | Che<br>ii<br>Es   |
| 100        | or one.  3. Rides a regular bicycle without training wheels without falling.  Office Use Only  (A ÷ B) × 100 = (A ÷ B) × 100 = (B + B) × 100 = | 22 == 22 == 11 T Y 0                    | 2 2 2 2 2                               | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1                 | 0 M / eer 0 0 0 0 0      | Che               |
| 443        | or one.  3. Rides a regular bicycle without training wheels without falling.  or Observations:  Calculation of % Est (see Manual)  No. of Est  No. of Items Answered  Use Only  (A ÷ B) × 100 =   Seption Setween Basal and Ceit (A ÷ B) × 100 =   Response Options: 2 = Usually or Often, 1 = Sometimes,  1. Reaches for a toy or object.  2. Picks things up. May use one hand or both. Examples: Toy, ball.  3. Moves an object from one hand to the other.  4. Picks up small objects with his/her thumb and fingers. Examples: Raisins, beads, small blocks.  5. Takes an object out of a box or other container.   | 2 = 2 = 2 = 2 = 2 = 2 = 2 = 2 = 2 = 2 = | 2 2 2 2 2 2 2                           | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1                 | 0<br>Meer<br>0<br>0<br>0 | Che               |
| 110        | or one.  3. Rides a regular bicycle without training wheels without falling.  or Observations:  Calculation of % Est (see Manual)  No. of Est  No. of Items Answered  Use Only  (A ÷ B) × 100 = gmo Raw S  Points Between Basal and Cei  gmo Raw S  Response Options: 2 = Usually or Often, 1 = Sometimes,  1. Reaches for a toy or object.  2. Picks things up. May use one hand or both. Examples: Toy, ball.  3. Moves an object from one hand to the other.  4. Picks up small objects with his/her thumb and fingers. Examples: Raisins, beads, small blocks.  5. Takes an object out of a box or other container.  6. Picks up something small with one hand and gives it to someone without dropping it.  | 2 = 2 = 2 = 2 = 2 = 2 = 2 = 2 = 2 = 2 = | 2 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1               | 0 M/ver 0 0 0 0 0 0 0    | Che               |
| 43         | or one.  3. Rides a regular bicycle without training wheels without falling.  or Observations:  Calculation of % Est (see Manual)  No. of Est  No. of Items Answered  Use Only  (A ÷ B) × 100 =   Seption Setween Basal and Ceit (A ÷ B) × 100 =   Response Options: 2 = Usually or Often, 1 = Sometimes,  1. Reaches for a toy or object.  2. Picks things up. May use one hand or both. Examples: Toy, ball.  3. Moves an object from one hand to the other.  4. Picks up small objects with his/her thumb and fingers. Examples: Raisins, beads, small blocks.  5. Takes an object out of a box or other container.   | 2 = 2 = 2 = 2 = 2 = 2 = 2 = 2 = 2 = 2 = | [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 0 Meer 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | C+D<br>Che        |

2 1 0 31. Ties a knot. 32. Cuts out complex shapes. Examples: Stars, animals, alphabet letters. 2 1 0 2 1 0 33. Ties a secure bow. Examples: Shoe laces, gift wrapping.

| 34. Works with very small objects. Examples: Setting hands on a watch, threading a sewing needle, gluing tiny model parts. | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|--|---|---|---|
|  |   |   |   |

| Comments or Observations: | Calculation of % Est (see Manua | al) Raw Score Calculation   |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|                           | No. of Est No.                  | Highest-Numbered X 2        |
|                           | Use No. of Items Answered Only  | Points Between Basal and Ce |
|                           | (A ÷ B) × 100 =                 | % Est fmo Raw               |

☑ Score 2 if he/she did this when younger, but has now outgrown coloring.

30. Makes complex creations using building toys, assembly sets, arts and crafts materials, etc.

| ghest-Numbered<br>Basal Item | x 2 =             | С   |
|------------------------------|-------------------|-----|
| Points Between B             | iasal and Ceiling | D   |
|                              | fmo Raw Score     | C+D |

2 1 0

2 1 0

29. Draws a straight line using a ruler.

2 = Often, 1 = Sometimes, 0 = Never

In the sections you have completed so far, a higher score means more *adaptive* behavior. In this section a higher score means more *problem* behavior. Also, in this section you must circle a score for every item.

|        | BLEM BEHAVIORS  |  |                                      |                       |                            |                     |
|--------|---|--|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|
| ecti   | Response Options: $2 = Often$ , $1 = S$   | Sometimes,   | $0 = N\epsilon$                      | eve.                  | r                          | Check<br>if<br>Est. |
| 0+     | 1. Is overly needy or dependent. Examples: Insists on help even when he/she does not need it, clings to parent or te  | acher.   | 2                                    | 1                     | 0                          |                     |
|        | 2. Has eating problems. Examples: Overeats, refuses to eat, will only eat one or two things, hoards food.   |  | 2                                    | 1                     | 0                          |                     |
|        | 3. Has sleep problems. Examples: Walks in his/her sleep, has a lot of nightmares, sleeps way more or less than other his/her age.   | ers  | 2                                    | 1                     | 0                          |                     |
|        | 4. Refuses to go to school or work, or has to come home, because of worrying, sadness, nervousness, etc.  |  | 2                                    | 1                     | 0                          |                     |
|        | 5. Is extremely anxious or nervous.   |  | 2                                    | 1                     | 0                          |                     |
|        | 6. Cries or is sad for no clear reason.   |  | 2                                    | 1                     | 0                          |                     |
|        | 7. Avoids interacting with others (withdraws, prefers to be alone, etc.).   | interest. Philodological material change shall be appeared   | 2                                    | 1                     | 0                          |                     |
|        | 8. Lacks interest in doing things that he/she enjoys or used to enjoy.  |  | 2                                    | 1                     | 0                          |                     |
|        | 9. Is extremely fearful of one or more common objects or situations. Examples: Heights, snakes, elevators.  | Name of Physics and Color (name of Physics and Society)  | 2                                    | 1                     | 0                          |                     |
|        | 10. Worries for no clear reason.  | te major a milita benefici salva santano el Reponsitorio   | 2                                    | 1                     | 0                          |                     |
|        | 11. Is very irritable or moody.   |  | 2                                    | 1                     | 0                          |                     |
|        | 12. Feels helpless or hopeless. Example: Says that things are bad and will never get better.  |  | 2                                    | 1                     | 0                          |                     |
| _      | 13. Complains of feeling sick, exhausted, or in pain, even though there is no medical reason.   | New York Control of the Control of t | 2                                    | 1                     | 0                          |                     |
|        | Office Use Only   | Section  | A Sum                                |                       |                            | vertice posteri     |
| ecti   | ion B Response Options: 2 = Often, 1 = S  | ometimes,  | 0 = Ne                               | ver                   |                            | Check<br>if<br>Est. |
| 0+     |   |  |                                      | -                     |                            |                     |
| SACORD | 1. Has temper tantrums: Screams, cries, kicks, etc.   |  | 2                                    | 1                     | 0                          | Ц                   |
|        | 1. Has temper tantrums: Screams, cries, kicks, etc.      2. Disobeys those in authority.  |  |                                      | 1                     |                            |                     |
|        |   | 49   | 2                                    |                       | 0                          |                     |
|        | 2. Disobeys those in authority.   | *  | 2                                    | 1                     | 0                          |                     |
|        | Disobeys those in authority.     Bullies others physically or with words.   | *  | 2 2 2                                | 1                     | 0 0                        |                     |
|        | 2. Disobeys those in authority.  3. Bullies others physically or with words.  4. Lies, cheats, or steals.   | *  | 2 2 2 2                              | 1 1                   | 0 0 0                      |                     |
|        | 2. Disobeys those in authority.  3. Bullies others physically or with words.  4. Lies, cheats, or steals.  5. Is physically aggressive. Examples: Hits, kicks, bites.   | *  | 2 2 2 2                              | 1 1 1                 | 0 0 0 0                    |                     |
|        | 2. Disobeys those in authority.  3. Bullies others physically or with words.  4. Lies, cheats, or steals.  5. Is physically aggressive. Examples: Hits, kicks, bites.  6. Is stubborn or argues.  | *  | 2<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>2           | 1 1 1 1               | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0              |                     |
|        | <ol> <li>Disobeys those in authority.</li> <li>Bullies others physically or with words.</li> <li>Lies, cheats, or steals.</li> <li>Is physically aggressive. Examples: Hits, kicks, bites.</li> <li>Is stubborn or argues.</li> <li>Is verbally abusive: Hurts others on purpose with insults, put-downs, etc.</li> </ol>   |  | 2<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>2      | 1 1 1 1 1 1           | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0              |                     |
|        | <ol> <li>Disobeys those in authority.</li> <li>Bullies others physically or with words.</li> <li>Lies, cheats, or steals.</li> <li>Is physically aggressive. Examples: Hits, kicks, bites.</li> <li>Is stubborn or argues.</li> <li>Is verbally abusive: Hurts others on purpose with insults, put-downs, etc.</li> <li>Breaks rules or laws because of peer pressure.</li> </ol> |  | 2<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>2 | 1<br>1<br>1<br>1<br>1 | 0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0 |                     |

Office Use Only

Section B Sum

| tion C  | Response Options:           | 2 = Often,   | 1 = Sometimes,    | 0 = Never | Check<br>if<br>Est. |
|---|-----------------------------|--------------|-------------------|-----------|---------------------|
| Gets fixated on objects or parts of objects. Examples: Stares at spin switches over and over. | nning wheels or fan blades, | lines up obj | ects, flips light | 2 1       | 0 🗆                 |

| switches over and over.   |   |   |   |    |   |
|---|---|---|---|----|---|
|   |   |   |   | 36 |   |
| 2. Talks about hearing voices that others do not hear, or seeing things that others do not see. | 2 | 1 | 0 |    | Γ |

| 2  | 100 |     |     |     | - |
|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|
|  | 1   |     |     | 118 | _ |
| 3 Harms himself/herself. Examples: Bangs his/her head, hits or bites self, cuts self, tears at skin, pulls out his/her hair. | 7   | 1 1 | 1 ( | 0   |   |

- 4. Uses strange or repetitive speech. Examples: Has conversations with himself/herself in public, says things that make no 2 1 0
- sense, repeats the same thing over and over. 5. Loses awareness of what is happening around him/her. Examples: Seems to be "in a fog," "zones out." 2 1 0
- 6. Repeats physical movements over and over. Examples: Rocks back and forth, spins, flaps hands. 2 1 0
- 7. Has toileting accidents: Wets or soils self when not in diapers. 2 1 0
- 8. Eats non-food items such as dirt, paste, or soap. 2 1 0
- 9. Engages in compulsive behavior. Examples: Repeated hand washing, repeatedly checking and rechecking something, other 2 1 0 compulsive rituals.
- 10. Shows far more interest in weapons or extreme violence than others his/her age. 2 1 0
- 11. Harms animals. Examples: Tortures or kills pets or wild animals. 2 1 0
- 12. Has beliefs that are not true. Examples: Believes he/she has a "true" identity or "special" powers, believes that others secretly 2 1 0 want to cause harm.
- 13. Gets so fixated on a particular topic that it annoys others. Examples: Trains, reptiles, maps, subway systems. 0
- 2 1 14. Talks about killing himself/herself or has tried to kill self. 0 15. Has no response to pain. Examples: Does not cry or seek help when cut, bruised, or badly hurt.
- 16. Wanders, darts away, or takes off from home, school, or someone watching him/her without regard for safety. 2 1
- 17. Threatens to hurt or kill someone. 2 1 0
- 18. Is tricked by others into doing something that could seriously harm him or her, or someone else. 2 1 0
- 19. Gets fixated on a person in a way that is annoying or intrusive to that person. 2 1
- 20. Engages in unwanted sexual behavior. Examples: Unwanted comments, unwanted physical contact, exposing himself/ 2 1 0 herself, masturbating in public, having sex at school or work.

## **GENERAL COMMENTS**

| Use this space for any general comments you want to make about the person, or about this form. |
|--|
|  |